

PhD Algebra Exam
Fall 1987

Part I: Do three of these problems.

1. Let G be a finite group.
 - a) Prove that if $\phi(x) = x^2$ is a homomorphism $G \rightarrow G$ then G is abelian.
 - b) Give an example of a finite non-abelian group G such that $\psi(x) = x^4$ is a homomorphism.
2. Let A be a 3×3 matrix with rational entries. Recall that A is called nilpotent if for some positive integer k , $A^k = 0$.
 - a) Show that A is nilpotent $\iff 0$ is the unique eigenvalue of A .

Now let A be nilpotent.

- b) Show that $A^3 = 0$.
 - c) Exhibit all possible Jordan forms of A .
3. Let $R = M_2(\mathbb{Q})$, the ring of 2×2 matrices over \mathbb{Q} .
 - a) Prove that R is simple; that is, R has no proper non-zero ideals.
 - b) Exhibit a proper non-zero right ideal of R .
4. Let $a = 1 + \sqrt{3}$, let $\alpha = \sqrt{a}$, and let $K = \mathbb{Q}(\alpha)$.
 - a) Find the irreducible polynomial for α over \mathbb{Q} .
 - b) Let $F = \mathbb{Q}(a)$. Show that F is normal over \mathbb{Q} , and K is normal over F .
 - c) Show that K is not normal over \mathbb{Q} .

Part II: Do two of these problems.

5. Prove that all groups of order ≤ 12 are solvable.
6. Recall that if R is a ring with 1, a unit of R is an element with a multiplicative inverse in R . Consider $R = \mathbb{Z}[\sqrt{q}]$, for $q \in \mathbb{Z}$. Define $N(a + b\sqrt{q}) = a^2 - qb^2$.
 - a) Show that $u \in R$ is a unit $\iff Nu = \pm 1$.
 - b) Find all the units of $\mathbb{Z}[\sqrt{-3}]$.
 - c) Show that $\mathbb{Z}[\sqrt{2}]$ has infinitely many units.
7. Let $F = \mathbb{Q}(\sqrt[4]{5})$.
 - a) Find the degree and a basis of F over \mathbb{Q} .
 - b) Find the group of automorphisms of F over \mathbb{Q} and describe its fixed field.
 - c) Describe the Galois closure of F over \mathbb{Q} and its Galois group.